

Magnetism and Magnetic Materials Educational subject description sheet

Basic information

Activities and hours Lecture: 30, Exam 		Number of ECTS points 3
Maciej Krawczyk		
Maciej Krawczyk		
	specialty subjects	
	Block	
onomy	Course type	
	Lecture languages English	
	Subject code 04FENS.21S.04362.24	
d Materials for Energy	Didactic cycle 2024/25	
	Maciej Krawczyk Activities and hours	Subject code 04FENS.215.04362.24 Lecture languages English Course type Elective Block specialty subjects Maciej Krawczyk Maciej Krawczyk Activities and hours

Goals

Code	Goal
C1	Introduce students to the physics of magnetism, magnetic materials, and magnetization dynamics.
C2	Making students aware of the problems with the current research topics and open questions in the physics of magnetism.
C3	Familiarize students with current applications and prospects for future magnetic materials and magnonics development.
C4	Developing the ability to read and understand scientific papers on the physics of magnetism, draw conclusions.

Subject learning outcomes

Code	Outcomes in terms of	Learning outcomes	Examination methods
Knowled	lge - Student:		
W1	Knows the principles of electromagnetic and magnetostatic principles related to the magnetic field and magnetic materials. Knows the basic equations describing magnetostatic potential and magnetic field distribution.	FEN_K2_W01, FEN_K2_W04, FEN_K2_W05	Oral exam
W2	Knows the main directions of development of research and technologies related to magnetism and their contribution to the generation and saving of electricity.	FEN_K2_W04, FEN_K2_W05	Oral exam, Report
W3	Knows the basic principles of experimental methods used to study magnetic materials and the dynamics of magnetization and is able to indicate their limitations.	FEN_K2_W01, FEN_K2_W02, FEN_K2_W04, FEN_K2_W05	Oral exam
W4	Knows selected topics of the current research in magnetism, and can explain their main principles, e.g., artificial spin ice, magnonics, and magnetic cellular quantum automata.	FEN_K2_W01, FEN_K2_W02, FEN_K2_W03, FEN_K2_W05	Oral exam
W5	Knows the different types of magnetic materials, stable magnetization arrangement, magnetization textures that exist in solids, the types of interactions responsible for their stabilization, and the models for describing them.	FEN_K2_W01, FEN_K2_W02	Oral exam
W6	Knows selected topics of the current research in magnetism, and can explain their main principles, e.g., artificial spin ice, magnonics, magnetic cellular quantum automata.	FEN_K2_W02, FEN_K2_W03, FEN_K2_W04, FEN_K2_W05	Oral exam, Report
Skills - S	Student:		
U1	Uses the basic theoretical models to describe qualitatively interactions existing in magnetic materials, can identify different energy terms, and can describe magnetic properties related to these interactions.	FEN_K2_U01, FEN_K2_U03	Oral exam
U2	Can identify the types of interactions responsible for the stabilization of different magnetization textures.	FEN_K2_U01, FEN_K2_U03	Oral exam
U3	Demonstrates the reading of research articles with understanding and ability to present the outcomes, summary, and importance of research in writing.	FEN_K2_U02, FEN_K2_U03, FEN_K2_U04, FEN_K2_U05, FEN_K2_U07	Report
U4	Can formulate a research problem and indicate the method and basic methodological approach to its solution.	FEN_K2_U03, FEN_K2_U05, FEN_K2_U07	Oral exam, Report

Study content

No.	Course content	Subject learning outcomes	Activities
1.	Overview of magnetism, magnetic materials, and the current topics of research and technology development.	W1, W6	Lecture
2.	Basic laws of magnetostatics and electrodynamics related to magnetism, magnetic field, magnetostatic potential, magnetic moment, magnetic dipole, magnetization, and magnetic torque. Exemplary applications of permanent magnets and soft magnets.	W1, W2, W3, U1, U2	Lecture
3.	Magnetic materials: paramagnetism, ferromagnetism/antiferromagnetism and diamagnetism. Fundamental concepts of magnetism, interactions in magnetic materials, and complexity.	W2, W6, U2, U3, U4	Lecture
4.	Remagnetization process in ferromagnetic materials, single-domain grains, hysteresis, complex magnetization textures, open questions, and actual investigations: super-paramagnets and super- ferromagnets, artificial spin-ice systems, frustration, and stability.	W2, W4, W5, W6, U1, U2, U3	Lecture
5.	Fundamentals: the origin of magnetism in solids, theoretical models and numerical methods used in computations of the properties of magnetic materials, micromagnetic approach.	W2, W4, W5, W6, U2	Lecture
6.	Magnetic domains: types and interactions determining their stability.	W1, W2, W3, W5, U2	Lecture
7.	Experimental methods for characterization of magnetic materials, magnetization textures, and magnetization dynamics. Current trends and needs.	W1, W2, W6, U3, U4	Lecture
8.	Magnetization dynamics, micromagnetism, Landau- Lifshit equation, damping.	W2, W4, W6, U1, U3	Lecture
9.	Magnonics, wave phenomena in ferromagnets and antiferromagnets, spin wave dynamics in thin films, characteristic dispersion relationships, detection techniques and possible applications.	W5, W6, U2, U3	Lecture

Additional information

Activities	Teaching and learning methods and activities	
Lecture	Lecture with a multimedia presentation of selected issues, Discussion, Activating method - "brainstorming"	

Activities	Credit conditions
Lecture	 The final grade will be based on the average from the report part and the oral exam [(oral exam points + report points)/2], but each part independently has to receive a score larger than 2,0. The report (15 000 - 17 000 chars with spaces) will be based on the research paper(s) on one topic, selected from the provided list of research papers. The points (from 2.0 to 5.0 points) will take into account the quality of the presentation and its style, its logic, the clearness of the problem description, and its consistency. At the oral exam, everyone will receive 3 questions drawn from the knowledge topics (2 questions) and a problem task from the new research (1). The full answer for each question gives from 2 to 5 points (pt), and the final score is an arithmetic average of the obtained points. Very good (bdb; 5,0): (4.5pt - 5.0pt> Good plus (+db; 4,5): (4,0pt - 4.5pt> Good (db; 4,0): (3,5pt - 4,0pt> Satisfactory plus (+dst; 3,5): (3,0pt - 3,5pt> Satisfactory (dst; 3,0): (2,5pt - 3,5pt> Unsatisfactory (ndst; 2,0): less than 2.5pt

Literature

Obligatory

- 1. J. M. D. Coey, "Magnetism and magnetic materials", (Cambridge University Press, 2009), chapters 1-13.
- 2. C. Kittel, "Introduction to the solid state physics", (PWN, Warszawa 1999 or John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Ed. 8th, 2005); two chapters related to the band structure formation and magnetism.
- 3. R. P. Cowburn and M. E. Welland, Room Temperature Magnetic Quantum Cellular Automata, Science 287, 1466 (2000); DOI: 10.1126/science.287.5457.1466
- 4. W. Ketterle and D.E. Pritchard, Trapping and focusing ground state atoms with static fields, Appl. Phys. B 54, 403406 (1992);

Optional

- 1. J. Stoehr, H. C. Siegemann, "Magnetism, from fundamentals to nanoscale dynamics" (Springer, 2006);
- 2. A. Hubert, R. Schafer, "Magnetic domains, the analysis of magnetic microstructures" (Springer, 2009);
- 3. Z. Guo, et al., Spintronics for Energy-Efficient Computing: An Overview and Outlook, PROCEEDINGS OF THE IEEE 109, 1398 (2021); DOI: 10.1109/JPROC.2021.3084997
- 4. N. D. Mermin and H. Wagner, Absence of ferromagnetism or antiferromagnetism in one- or two-dimensional isotropic Heisenberg models, Phys. Rev. Lett. 17, 1133 (1966).

Calculation of ECTS points

Activities	Activity hours*
Lecture	30
Reading the indicated literature	20
Report preparation	10
Preparation for the exam	15
Student workload	Hours 75
Number of ECTS points	ECTS 3

* academic hour = 45 minutes

Efekty uczenia się dla kierunku

Kod	Treść
FEN_K2_U01	The graduate can use their knowledge to formulate and solve complex and unusual problems in the field of physical sciences; select and apply appropriate methods and tools necessary to solve a given problem (including advanced IT techniques), as well as adapt existing methods and tools or develop completely new ones
FEN_K2_U02	The graduate can find the necessary information in the professional literature, databases and other sources, in particular in scientific journals basic to physics, and perform critical analysis, synthesis and creative interpretation of the collected information
FEN_K2_U03	The graduate can formulate and test hypotheses related to simple research problems in physics (plan and perform observations, experiments, theoretical calculations or computer simulations and critically evaluate and discuss the results obtained)
FEN_K2_U04	The graduate can prepare, for various audiences, oral presentations and written studies presenting specialized topics in the field of physical sciences in a communicative way, as well as debate on such topics
FEN_K2_U05	The graduate can use English in accordance with the requirements set out for level B2+ of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages, as well as specialist English terminology in the field of physical sciences
FEN_K2_U07	The graduate can independently determine the directions of further learning and implement a self- education program, learn throughout lifetime using the available international literature and be able to guide others in this regard
FEN_K2_W01	The graduate knows and understands in-depth selected facts, phenomena, concepts and theories specific to physics and complex relationships between them (constituting advanced general knowledge in the field of physical sciences and representing both key and other selected issues in the field of advanced detailed knowledge in this discipline)
FEN_K2_W02	The graduate knows and understands in-depth selected research methods and tools as well as mathematical models used in physics
FEN_K2_W03	The graduate knows and understands in-depth selected computational methods and information technology tools and techniques used to solve complex problems in physics
FEN_K2_W04	The graduate knows and understands main development trends in the discipline of physical sciences
FEN_K2_W05	The graduate knows and understands the role of physical sciences in the context of fundamental dilemmas and challenges of modern civilization