

Chemical technology Educational subject description sheet

Basic information

| Study programme Chemistry | | Didactic cycle 2024/25 | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Speciality - | | Subject code 02CHSS.21P.00975.24 | |
| Organizational unit Faculty of Chemistry | | Lecture languages English | |
| Study level Second-cycle programme | | Course type Obligatory | |
| Study form Full-time | | Block Basic subjects | |
| Education profile General academic | | | |
| Subject coordinator | Maciej Trejda | | |
| Lecturer | Maciej Trejda, Ewa Janiszewska, Agnieszka Held | | |
| Period Semester 1 | Activities and hours Lecture: 15, Exam; includin Synchronous lecture: 15 Field classes: 15, Graded cr Laboratories: 30, Graded cr | redit | Number of ECTS points 7 |

Goals

| Code | Goal |
|------|---|
| C1 | The aim of the course is detail presentation of common and modern technological processes related to the transformation of raw materials and production of different chemicals agents and substrates. |

Entry requirements

No prerequisites required.

Subject learning outcomes

| Code | Outcomes in terms of | Learning outcomes | Examination methods |
|------------|---|---------------------------|--|
| Knowled | lge - Student: | | · |
| W1 | knows and understands the main processes used in chemical technology. | CHS_K2_W01, CHS_K2_W08 | Written exam, Written colloquium, Test |
| W2 | knows and understands the analytical techniques used in chemical technology to resolve research problem. | CHS_K2_W07, CHS_K2_W08 | Written exam |
| W3 | knows and understands terminology and nomenclature typical for chemical technology. | CHS_K2_W01, CHS_K2_W08 | Written exam, Written colloquium |
| W4 | knows and understands traditional and novel processes used in chemical technology. | CHS_K2_W08 | Written exam, Written colloquium, Test, Report |
| Skills - S | Student: | | |
| U1 | is able to enumerates and describes the main processes used in chemical technology. | CHS_K2_U04, CHS_K2_U11 | Written exam, Written colloquium |
| U2 | is able to selects and applies the analytical techniques used in chemical technology to resolve research problem. | CHS_K2_U02, CHS_K2_U06 | Written exam, Test |
| U3 | is able to uses terminology and nomenclature typical for chemical technology. | CHS_K2_U01, CHS_K2_U04 | Written exam |
| U4 | is able to describes and explains traditional and novel processes used in chemical technology. | CHS_K2_U11, CHS_K2_U14 | Written exam, Written colloquium, Report |
| U5 | is able to selects the proper reagents for technological processes in order to obtain a target product. | CHS_K2_U03, CHS_K2_U11 | Test |
| U6 | is able to uses a different literature data to enlarge his/her knowledge concerning chemical technology and well as to resolve research problems. | CHS_K2_U08, CHS_K2_U13 | Report |
| U7 | is able to performs a critical evaluation of research results, draws the conclusions and prepares the research report. | CHS_K2_U07, CHS_K2_U12 | Report |
| U8 | is able to applies the principle of occupational health and safety in the laboratory. | CHS_K2_U15 | Observation |
| Social co | ompetences - Student: | - | |
| К1 | is ready to apply critical evaluation of research results. | CHS_K2_K02 | Written exam |

Study content

| No. | Course content | Subject learning outcomes | Activities |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. | Occupational health and safety in the laboratory. | U8 | Laboratories |
| 2. | Processes of inorganic technology (production of sulphur, nitrogen and phosphorus compounds). | W1, W3, W4, U1, U3, U4, U6 | Lecture, Synchronous lecture |

| No. | Course content | Subject learning outcomes | Activities |
|-----|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 3. | Processing of fossil fuels. | W1, W3, W4, U1, U3, U4, U6 | Lecture, Synchronous lecture |
| 4. | Processes of organic chemistry (production of methanol, aldehydes, epoxides). | W1, W3, W4, U1, U3, U4, U6 | Lecture, Synchronous lecture |
| 5. | Processes based on renewable sources (biofuels, biofuel' additives, valuable chemicals). | W1, W3, W4, U1, U3, U4, U6 | Lecture, Synchronous lecture |
| 6. | Ecological aspects of chemical technology. | W1, W3, W4, U1, U3, U4, U6 | Lecture, Field classes, Synchronous lecture |
| 7. | Analytical techniques used to design and control technological processes (chemical, spectral and chromatographic). | W2, U2, U6 | Laboratories |
| 8. | Conducting of technological processes in laboratory scale. | U2, U5, U7, U8, K1 | Laboratories |

Additional information

| Activities | Teaching and learning methods and activities | |
|---------------|---|--|
| Lecture | Lecture with a multimedia presentation of selected issues | |
| Field classes | Demonstration and observation | |
| Laboratories | Laboratory method | |

| Activities | Credit conditions |
|---------------|--|
| Lecture | The exam will be in written form (open question and test). Grading scale with applied percentage distribution: excellent (5.0): achievement of the student's expected learning outcomes at a minimum of 92.0%. very good (4.5): achievement by the student of the desired learning outcomes ranging from 84% to 91.9%. good (4.0): achievement of student learning outcomes 76% to 83.9%. average (3.5): achievement of student learning outcomes 68% to 75.9%. satisfactory (3.0): attainment of the student learning outcomes within 60.0% - 67.9%. unsatisfactory (2.0): failure of the student to achieve the expected learning outcomes below 60.0%. |
| Field classes | The report is necessary to pass the field classes. Grading scale with applied percentage distribution: excellent (5.0): achievement of the student's expected learning outcomes at a minimum of 92.0%. very good (4.5): achievement by the student of the desired learning outcomes ranging from 84% to 91.9%. good (4.0): achievement of student learning outcomes 76% to 83.9%. average (3.5): achievement of student learning outcomes 68% to 75.9%. satisfactory (3.0): attainment of the student learning outcomes within 60.0% - 67.9%. unsatisfactory (2.0): failure of the student to achieve the expected learning outcomes below 60.0%. |

| Activities | Credit conditions |
|--------------|--|
| Laboratories | Occupational health and safety - formative assessment. The final grade is the average of the grades obtained from individual exercises, and each of the exercises must be passed with a positive grade. Grading scale with applied percentage distribution: excellent (5.0): achievement of the student's expected learning outcomes at a minimum of 92.0%. very good (4.5): achievement by the student of the desired learning outcomes ranging from 84% to 91.9%. good (4.0): achievement of student learning outcomes 76% to 83.9%. average (3.5): achievement of student learning outcomes 68% to 75.9%. satisfactory (3.0): attainment of the student learning outcomes within 60.0% - 67.9%. unsatisfactory (2.0): failure of the student to achieve the expected learning outcomes below 60.0%. |

Literature

Obligatory

1. A. Jess, P. Wasserscheid "Chemical Technology", John Wiley & Sons. Inc., 2013. (selected paragraphs)

Optional

- 1. C. H. Bartholomew, R. J. Farrauto "Fundamentals of Industrial Catalytic Processes", John Wiley & Sons. Inc., 2005. (selected paragraphs)
- 2. R. A. van Santen, M. Neurock "Molecular Heterogeneous Catalysis A conceptual and Computational Approach", Wiley-VCH, 2006. (selected paragraphs)
- 3. J. M. Thomas, W. J. Thomas "Principles and Practice of Heterogeneous Catalysis", Wiley-VCH, Second Edition, 1997. (selected paragraphs)

Calculation of ECTS points

| Activities | Activity hours* |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Lecture | 15 |
| Field classes | 15 |
| Laboratories | 30 |
| Reading the indicated literature | 30 |
| Preparation for classes | 45 |
| Preparation for the exam | 60 |
| Report preparation | 15 |
| Student workload | Hours 210 |
| Number of ECTS points | ECTS 7 |

* academic hour = 45 minutes

Efekty uczenia się dla kierunku

| Kod | Treść | |
|------------|---|--|
| CHS_K2_K02 | The graduate is ready to evaluate the collected information critically | |
| CHS_K2_U01 | The graduate can use chemical terminology consistent with IUPAC recommendations | |
| CHS_K2_U02 | The graduate can analyze the physicochemical properties of substances based on the selection of appropriate methods and tools | |
| CHS_K2_U03 | The graduate can carry out chemical processes including the selection of reagents and purification of products | |
| CHS_K2_U04 | The graduate can interpret technological diagrams and carry out technological processes on a laboratory scale | |
| CHS_K2_U06 | The graduate can use analytical and instrumental techniques to describe the qualitative and quantitative interpretation of chemical phenomena | |
| CHS_K2_U07 | The graduate can prepare a final report on conducted research projects and conduct a critical analysis of experiments | |
| CHS_K2_U08 | The graduate can find and use information obtained from databases and literature resources in order to plan and carry out a research project | |
| CHS_K2_U11 | The graduate can present a complex chemical or physicochemical problem and propose a solution | |
| CHS_K2_U12 | The graduate can draw conclusion properly and evaluate critically on the basis of data from self-conducted chemical or physicochemical experiments and literature resources | |
| CHS_K2_U13 | The graduate can deepens his specialistic knowledge to the extent necessary to solve and interpret the undertaken problem correctly | |
| CHS_K2_U14 | The graduate can express in an accessible way the acquired knowledge, conduct a debate and present the results of scientific projects in chemistry | |
| CHS_K2_U15 | The graduate can work in a group, performing various roles, including a leader | |
| CHS_K2_W01 | The graduate knows and understands selected advanced issues in the field of chemistry | |
| CHS_K2_W07 | The graduate knows and understands classifies advanced laboratory, analytical and instrumental techniques used in chemistry | |
| CHS_K2_W08 | The graduate knows and understands advanced chemical technology processes | |